OVE BOERS FROM BELMONT

ish Outnumbered Boers - Captured 0 Prisoners Boer Loss Heavy-News from Ladysmith.

odon, Nov. 24, 5 a. m.-Before anxas to the situation in Natai has relieved, there comes news of a it battle at Belmont. This has hapd sooner than was expected. Only official account is yet to hand, but far as can be gathered the fighting wars to have been almost a repetiof the battle of Elandslaugte.

datatch of the previous day estind that the Boers in that vicinity red 2,000 and that they had five a and judging from the absence any statement to the contrary in official report, it is believed that the ash were slightly superior in numto the enemy.

Boers had chosen a position with stomary skill and were strongly ed. The British were obliged three ridges in succession. Aptry three ridges in succession. Ap-sily the guards bore the brunt in sig the last ridge by a bayonet e, after its defenders had been a with shrappel. Nothing is said s with shraphel. Nothing is said to whether the positions so gained held, and the destruction of amtion seems to indicate that the ary was the case.

Gen. Methuen can be congrat. while Gen. Methuen can be congrat-ated upon a brilliant victory, it is that the cost of a heavy loss of offi-is and men. The official account is called to the war office in the fol-ring dispatch through them. Foresterrom Gen. Methuen, dated Bel-

acked the enemy at daybreak ning. He was in a strong poto Three ridges were carried in axission, the last attack being pre-rid by shrappel. Infantry behaved gidly and received support from saval brigade and artillery. The attacked later I should have

r victory was complete. Have taorisoners. Am burying a good t the Boers, but the greater nt of the enemy's killed and woundsere removed by their comrades. The captured a large number of ses and cattle and destroyed a large

unded in the shoulder and Crabbe of the grenadler reported wounded. Our other

sell dangerously, renadier Guards, second battalion: mded-Lieut. Leslie, Lieut. Vaug-Lieut, Gurdon-Rebow and Lieut. Reported wounded-Lieuts. adler Guards, rank and file:

wounded, thirtymissing, thirteen, stream Guards, first battalion: anded-Lieut Grant. dstream Guards, rank and file: ed, eight; wounded, twenty-three;

first battalion Guards. Scots Guards, first Sounded-Maj. The Hon. North Dal-imple Hamilton, severely; Lieuts. Ekeley and Alexander. Scots Guards, rank and file: Killed,

wounded, thirty-four. thumberland fusileers, first bat-Killed, Capt. Eager and Lieut. Wounded-Maj, Dashwood and Festing, dangerously; Capt. Sa-

and Lieut. Fishbourne, severely. Northumberland fusileers, rank and Killed, twelve; wounded, thirtyorthamptonshire regiment, second

Wounded-Capt. Freeland of Lieut, Barton, severely, South Yorkshire regiment, second Rank and file-Wounded,

The situation in Natal remains obsure. Fighting is reported at both scourt and Ladysmith. It was at reported that heavy firing had beard in the direction of Willow age, leading to the belief that Gen. Mayard had made a sortie, Later dis-sickes announce that Gen. White sorfrom Ladysmith and inflicted a dealizing defeat upon the Boers.

It would be premature to give full researce to either report. What is the certain is that Ladysmith, Estseri and Mooi river station are all stated, and the Boers seem able, after staching enough troops to hold these the British forces, aggregating 17,000 to push on toward Pietermaritzare with some 7,000 men.
A disquieting feature of the whole

generals report meeting the ers in force. In view of the brilliant keets of Gen. Joubert in partially salyzing the relieving columns, the stellor is being asked, what would happened had he, at the outset he war, instead of sitting down be-We Ladysmith, pushed on to Pietertiburg. in Gatacre's report that the Dutch

or rising increases public anxiety, as nds to confirm rumors that have A special dispatch from Durban and

ces that more big naval guns were landed Wednesday and sent to the front Prince Christian Victor left Most river camp before it was invested, bearing dispatches to Pietermaritzburg. Late lare Late last evening it was asserted at Aldershot that the sixth division, now a process of mobilization, will actually required for active service. Some of the yeomanry agents have been varied for mobilization, owing to the excity of cavalry in Africa. It is the reported that another brigade of bone artillery will be mobilized.

London, Nov. 23 .- The war office this evening issued a dispatch from Cape-tewn, which is a brief diary of events it kimberley from November 12th to November 17th. It shows that no serihose dates, that the British losses have been infinitessimal, and that the Boer lasses were very small. The final entry indicates that the Boers, anticipating the advance of the relief column under Gen. Methuen, have taken up defensive Methuen, have taken up defensive esitions to the south of the town. The

dispatch was as follows:

"kimberley, Nov. 12.—The Boers fired the theils yesterday. Our expenditure to date is about 200 shells." November 13th .- There was a desultery bombardment today, the Boer Practice being indifferent.

November 14th The

continued today.

November 17th.—At daybreak our
November 17th.—At gasortie. The November 17th.—At daybreak our mounted troops made a sortie. The morning was misty and our scouts came suddenly upon the Boers, who fied wildly. An artillery engagement eased. We had two men wounded.

November 17th.—There was another first at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon from Bulprietien, which drove the themy to the edge of Alexandersfon-



CONSPICUOUS FIGURES IN THE SOUTH AFRICAN WAR.

Lieutenant General Sir C. F. Clery is commander of the Second division, First army corps of the British army in Africa. General Lord Methuen is the leader of the Kimberley relief expedition. Colonel F. W. Kitchener, brother of General Lord Kitchener, is colonel of the Second West Yorkshire regiment, now in Natal. General Schalk Burger is commander of the Boer army that traversed Zululand and struck the railway in Natal south of Celenso.

tein. Our only casualty was a captain and now occupy laagers at Stagstein-fontein station and Schoitz Nek. Their camp is practically surrounded by coppice and the country is sultable to their

Van Rensburg, the ringleader of the rebels at Colesburg, was arrested just as he was joining a Boer commando. inder orders from Gen. Gatacre, he will be tried for treason.

will be tried for treason.

Hon, Mr. Logan, a member of the Cape Cotony legislative council, who has just returned to Orange river from Belmont, says the British troops engaged the Boers this side of Belmont, their artillery practice being splendld. The British infantry carried the kopjes at the point of the bayonet and drove the Boers from their position. Capetown dispatches say United States Consul-General Stowe has re-

eived information that the British prisoners in Pretoria are well fed, and that there is no truth in the statement that they are suffering from scurvy.

sir Alfred Milner has issued a pro-clamation to the people of the colony, in the course of which he says: "It is my duty to dispel false reports regarding the policy and intentions of the imperial government. Misleading manitis at th following:
madier Guards, third battalion
Lieut Fryer. Wounded—Lieut.

festoes from beyond the border represent the imperial authorities as desiring to oppress the Dutch, and the idea ing to oppress the Dutch, and the idea has spread abroad that the Dutch will be deprived of their constitutional rights. There is absolutely no truth such allegations.

The imperial government desires the greatest freedom of self-government for both Dutch and British, and the extension, not the curtailment, of the constitutional rights that are solely dangered by rebellion. The imperial gov-ernment adheres firmly to the principle of equal freedom for all loyal colo-

An official dispatch from Sir Alfred Milner to Mr. Chamberlain reports that thus far the efforts of the Boers to provoke an uprising among the Basutos or to start a civil war, have been un-successful. The governor of Cape

The Boers informed Chief Jonathan that if he would join them he would be defended. If he refuses, they told him he would not be molested, but they de-clared that he must expel the British magistrate and allow his fellow tribes to pass freely into the Orange Free State, whose government, in return, would guarantee Basutoland to the Basutos in perpetuity. The great con-cern of the Boers is the crops, which will rot unless Basuto labor can be obtained. Evidently the natives have been affected by the reports of repeated Boer successes, but their general atti-tude is satisfactory."

The military authorities have given permission to the Canadian contingent, on its arrival at Capetown, to march through the city, which will be beutithrough the decorated, and the day will be observed as a holiday.

The Boers occupied Steynsburg, southwest of Burghersdorp, on Mon-

Mafeking was safe as late as November 15th.

The fund for fitting out the Maine

as a hospital ship now exceeds £18,000, exclusive of the receipts of the concert dedicated by Mrs. Brown-Potter. At the meeting of the executive committee of the fund today, three American

tee of the fund today, three American surgeons and five nurses recently arrived, presented themselves, and were cordially received by Lady Randolph Churchill and her colleagues.

The Daily Chronicle says: "We learn that the cabinet has decided that the basis of settlement in South Africa will be a united South Africa, modeled upon the Canadian plan. The details have the Canadian plan. The details have not yet been settled, but it is practi-cally certain that no terms of peace will be accepted by the British gov-ernment short of the British occupation

of Pretoria and Bloemfontein." New York, Nov. 24.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: Long after midnight and official dis-patch was received at the war office bringing news of a battle fought by General Lord Methoen at Belmont with the Free Staters, the result being a complete victory for the Kimberley re-lief column. General Methoen found the Beats strengly interpelad and prothe Boers strongly intrenched and pro-



Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Dose. Small Pill. Small Price.

vided with plenty of guns. The ground ; west of De Aar, where Gen. Buller is wounded. It is reported that the Boers are concentrating south of Kimberley, and in driving them from their and now occupy laagers at Stagstein-position the British troops had to carry of the enemy and of drawing off the three ridges in succession, which seems almost a repetition of the battlefield of Elandslaagte. The last ridge was almost a repetition of the battlefield of Elandslaagte. almost a repetition of the battlefield of Elandslaagte. The last ridge was carried at the point of the bayonet, by the guards, after the defenders had been shaken out with shrappel. The British losses, as officially reported. cluding General Fetherstonehaugh: 56 men killed, 139 wounded and 22 missing. ish losses, as officially reported, were three officers killed and 22 wounded, in-

The Boers lost heavily, and 40 prisoners were taken, besides a great quantity

This victory is of special importance because it is the first blow dealt by the British force, acting purely on the offensive, and is part of the develop-ment of the British plan of campaign. It will doubtless open up the road to Kimberley, at all events as far as the | many. Modder river, where the advance of the column will again probably be op-

Further details of the fighting will b anxiously awaited by the British public, although it is already clear that the victory is decisive.

A dispatch is also at hand from Gen-

eral Gatacre, who, in reporting the latest disposition of the British troops, makes ominous mention of the contin-ued Dutch risings in the Broken Nail district. A party of armed Dutch is said to have left Cradock on the eastto Port Elleghoth to join the Boers, taking armed natives with them General French, who was reported to be moving east from De Aar, has found the Boers holding a strong position at Arundel, a few miles north of Naauw-The British force withdrew, with

There is no news from Estcourt, but a rumor has reached Pietermaritzburg that Gen. White made a successful sor-tle from Ladysmith, capturing some

Boer positions with guns and material, and inflicting loss on the enemy.

"Big battle" was placanded in large letters on newspaper posters last night; but it turned out to be one of the old kind in the Soudan, where 2,500 Describes had been attacked by Gen. old kind in the Soudan, where 2,000 Dervishes had been attacked by Gen. Wingate with an Egyptian force and utterly routed, after a sudden, irresistible onslaught, over 400 being killed. The Anglo-Egyptian loss was three men wounded-a low price for a com-plete victory. This is the training which the British armies have had for a generation in fighting savages or semi-civilized foes, and it has unfitted them for battling with the Boers, who mass their forces and cannot

The situation in lower Natal offers a striking contrast to all conditions of warfare to which the English people are accustomed. The Dutch allies, after investing Ladysmith, have turned about to deal with the British relief column piecemeal. By dividing their forces into mobile bands of raiders and cutting in between Estrourt and Mooi river, and threatening to dash in at Howick, between the Mooi and Pietermaritzburg, they are isolating one British detachment after another by their superior mobility, without making a decisive attack at any point or concentrating their forces for a su-preme effort. It is guerilla warfare with long rangs guns and howitzers added for keeping the British at a distance, and is varied by such diversions as horse stealing, cattle raiding and looting on a large scale. John Bull is naturally irritated by these irregular tactics, but he ought not to be amazed by them, for General Joubert, during the war of independence dealt in pre-cisely the same way with one British detachment after another, and pre-vented union of the various commands, He then had the immense advantage of superiority of numbers. But condi-tions are now reversed, for the British force in lower Natal will be 18,000 cer-tainly, and possibly 20,000, when the last transport reaches Durban, and General White's garrison of 13,000 troops is still unharmed in reserve. Moreover, Jou-bert, while blocking the advance of the relief column by separating the var-lous links in the chain, is scattering

his own forces without obtaining any marked advantage.

While the situation in Natal was most conflicting, several points were clear at midnight. The Ladysmith garrison remained safe and cheerful at the conduction of the conduct end of last week, as was shown by the Star's special dispatch from Capetown, based upon the message brought by a runner. General Hildyard was not help-less at Estcourt, for he had made a sortle and was engaging the enemy The bridge was resolutely held by Bar ton's battalions at the Mooi river, after two days' skirmishing, and there were guns to defend it. Pietermaritzburg was well garrisoned, and fresh infantry, dragoons and naval guns had been put on shore at Durban. General Buller, moreover, was not showing any signs of uneasiness or panic, for the only force sent from Capetown to only force sent from Durban yesterday was a small body of

dragoons.

News from the western frontier is stirring. The war office has received reports from Kimberley to Nov. 17, an-nouncing a week's ineffective bombard-ment and two dashing midnight sorties by the garrison. The Dutch forces are concentrating south of Kimberley in anticipation of the approach of Lord Methuen's column, which will have ar-duous work cut out for it, as the enemy are on good fighting ground.

enemy are on good fighting ground.

From Mafeking there is a message to the Pall Mall Gazette dated Nov 20, with the disturbing report that fever is rife in the town. Lord Salisbury's son is stationed there with a dozen well known British officers who are fighting under Baden-Powell.

Signs of active operations are multi-

ome time. After the cabinet meeting resterday it was reported that Mr. Balour must return to the foreign office or a few weeks. Certainty there will no immediate diplomatic results of the German emperor's visit. atmosphere probably is created for an era of good feeling and helpful arbitration between Great Britain and Ger-

Partition of Samoa.

Washington, Nov. 23 .- Two treaties or the final partition of the Samoan slands have been drawn and one of them already has been signed. The main treaty is trilateral in character between the United States, Great Britain and Germany, by which the territorial arrangement of the islands is fixed. It is quite brief, comprising only four or five articles, the essential features being that Great Britain and Germany renounce all claims in the island Tuitilla and the outlying islands, which go to the United States, and this ounce interest in Upolu and Savall, which go to Germany. The present expectation is that this

will be signed in Washington, in which case Secretary Hay and Em-bassadors Pauncefote and Von Holle-ben will be the signatory parties, al-though it is still possible that the exeution of the document may occur in

The second treaty is between Great Britain and Germany, and is longer than the first, covering the rights, and in this are the Tonga and Solomon islands and other settlements brought about the Samoan partition. States does not sign this treaty, and is only indifferently concerned.

It is understood that this collateral

treaty has already been executed in Berlin and that the signing of the trinegotiations for the division of the

Chamberlain Sees the Kaiser.

Windsor, Eng., Nov. 23.-Emperor William, the prince of Wales, the duke of Connaught and Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein shot in the great park this morning near Cumberland lodge, where they lunched. The two young German princes visited the houses of Parliament in London in

the forenoon.

There was a strictly family dinner at the castle this evening, but the queen was not present, owing to the death of the princess of Leiningen. For the same reason the military band will not play at the eastle during the remainder of the imperial visit.

The secretary of state for the colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, arrived at the castle on a flying visit during the day, which, in view of his recent visit Hatfield house, the residence of the premier, is causing much speculation Mr. Chamberlain, immediately after his arrival, interviewed Count Von Hatzfeldt-Wildenburg, the German embassador, subsequently conferring with Count von Buelow, the German minister of foreign affairs. William, on his return from shooting, summoned Count von Hatzfeldt to a ong audience. Mr. Chamberlain turned to London without seeing the queen, who was out driving. Mr. Chamberlain also had an interview with Emperor William.

ALL WANT DIAZ

Mexican President as Popular with Foreign Residents as with Mexicans. City of Mexico, Nov. 23.—One of the most notable political demonstrations in the history of Mexico occurred here this afternoon, when the foreign residents of this and adjoining counties marched in a procession up the thor-oughfare of San Francisco street to the national palace to urge President Diaz to accept the nomination for re-election by the liberal party, whose convention will assemble early in the coming year.

No other country can show a more contented and prosperous body of outlanders, and the demonstration was notable for its spontaneous enthusiasm and great numbers, several thousands of Frenchmen, Germans, Americans, Englishmen, Belgians, Austrians and Italians taking part. The American contingent represented every mercan-tile, banking, insurance and other interest. Most of the participants were men of high standing in this community. The demonstration was viewed by tendered the foreigners most cordial and respectable treatment.

General Diaz replied to his callers in a brief but elequent speech, in which he deprecated the idea that a man of his age should be selected to carry the executive department for four years more. He referred to the high character of the participants in this significant demonstration, and intimated that he should listen to the manifestation of the people's will as shown later on,

DENOUNCE THE PRESIDENT. Knights of Labor Say Be is the Enemy of Workingmen.

Signs of active operations are multi-plying on the Orange river north and deliberation the general assembly of the

FROM WEAK

Paralysis, Partial aralysis and Loconerves and nerve-centers. These most serious diseases may come as a result of overwork or over-taxed nerves. There are always warning

(Fig. 3), absence of knee-jerk (Fig. 6), pains a loss shins (Fig. 5), pains in feet (Fig. 6), pains in feet (Fig. 6), another very important symptom is paipitation or fluttering of heart and pain in left side (Fig. 7), we of these symptoms If you suffer with any of these symptoms, then you need HUDYAN, HUDYAN will our you, because HUDYAN sives strength and tone to the nerves and acree-centers. HUDYAN is nature's nerve and tissue builder.

The strength of the symptoms of the nature's nerve and tissue builder.

If you take HUDVAN, your fears of danger will soon be removed, for HUDVAN will make you feel like a new being. HUDVAN gives a renewed impetus to the circulation and corriches the blood, and this imparts health and strength to the entire system. HUDYAN purifies the blood, and is a gentle laxative. HUD-YAN establishes a perfect digestion.

HUDYAN is for sale by druggists—30c a package, or els packages for \$1.50.

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NERVES.

If your druggist does not keep HUDYAN detachments. Six to ten Americans were wounded in the column.

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Consult the HUDYAN Doctors About Your Case, Free of Charge. Call or Write.

Knights of Labor concluded its business this afternoon and adjourned to meet in Birmingham, Ala., in Novem-

The chief feature of the closing scenes was the adoption of resolutions con-demning President McKinley's policy on the trust, imperialism and labor questions, declaring him to be the eneny of labor and asking labor to use its influence and votes against him in the

oming election. Resolutions were also adopted denouncing national banks and favoring the abolition of indirect taxation; the abolition of contract system on all pub-lic works; the unlimited coinage of silver at the present legal ratio; the es-tablishment of a postal deposit and savings bank at every postoffice, and the election of the President, Vice President, Supreme Court judges and United States Senators by the direct vote of

A protest from district assembly 220, of Brooklyn, against the alleged unjust treatment by the governor general of Cuba of labor organizations in their attempt to introduce an eight-hour law and against the same treatment in af-fairs at Wardner, Idaho, brought on the adoption of a rather startling reso-

"Resolved, That the general assembly has ample evidence that President Mc-Kinley is aware of the conditions that exist in these places (Cuba and Ward-ner) and has, to say the least, made no effort to redress the wrongs or to corand United States Senators, and we therefore, must recognize William Mc-Kinley as the bitter enemy of labor, and ask labor to use its votes against him and his associates." The resolution was passed and the general officers were asked to give it

On the subject of International bank bills, the recommendations of the gen ral secretary-treasurer were concurred The subject of the recommendation was that if the bill be again presented to Congress, the members are urged to

On the trust question the resolution

adopted says:

"Resolved, That the order of the Knights of Labor is a mortal enemy of the system that is rapidly getting the great industries of the nation under ownership or control of large combinations." tions of capital popularly known as trusts, and we call on the order and working people everywhere to take ground as a unit against any political egislative effort to foist such instituions upon us.' The resolution on imperialism fol-

"Resolved, That the general assembly of the Knights of Labor condemns the foreign policy of the national administration in its effort to subjugate the Filipinos by conquest and opposes the extension of our territory or government beyond the limits of this continent, as contrary to American principles, the American people's interest and the interests of the great mass of the

Sympathy for Boers.

San Francisco, Nov. 24.-Resolutions of sympathy with the Boers were adopted by a mass meeting held in this city last night. The attendance was large and much enthusiasm was mani-

Tucson Accepts Library Offer.

Tucson, Ariz., Nov. 24.—Andrew Car-negie's offer of \$25,000 for a public li-brary building has been accepted, the city council voting a site on the military plaza and \$2,000 per annum for the maintenance of the library.

Hard Fighting Around Hoilo-Vigorous Campaign on the Island of Panay.

Manila, Nov. 23 .- The Spanish corporal captured by the Filipinos has arrived here from Tarlac. He says he saw Aguinaldo, accompanied by a prominent leader and fifteen men, arrive at Bayambang during the night of Nov. 13th, hatless, his clothes torn and spattered with mud and his horse exhausted. Aguinaldo, it appears, rested a short time, seemed anxious, and consulted with his companions and the villagers as to the nature of the roads, secured fresh horses and proceded immediately toward Mangaidan in Pangasinan province, west of Bayambang.

The corporal tells a straight story, giving minute details. He is convinced he is not mistaken, having seen Aguin-aldo several times during recent

Col. Carpenter on November 18th ad-vanced to Santa Barbara, north of floilo, straight north from Jaro, taking trench after trench, the enemy fighting and retreating. Gen. Hughes's column has steadily been advancing north to gain a position west of Santa Barbara. It encountered the enemy in small

Col. Carpenter started during the night of November 20th and opened with battery G of the Sixth artillery at daybreak November 21st, on the trenches. The enemy volleyed as the artillery took up a position, wounding

Two companies of the Twenty-sixth regiment, garrisoning Jaro, moved through Capaz, attacking the enemy on the right flank just north of Jaro, at daybreak on November 21st, driving them toward Col. Carpenter.

The country between Jaro and Santa Barbara is thickly entrenched, espe-cially near Pavia. The Sixth artillery fired on the trenches and the Eighteenth regiment charged, the enemy retreating to the next trench. The Eighteenth regiment again charged, countering and attacking a force of who were hidden in the long grass, and who severely wounded sev-

ral Americans.
During the afternoon of November ist the fighting was severe immediately south of Pavia, three miles north of Jaro. The Twenty-sixth regiment returned to Jaro immediately after the flank movement, having captured three 6-pound smooth-bore cannon and a quantity of arms and ammunition but seven men were found dead in one

Washington, Nov. 23.-The Spanish minister, the Duke d'Arcos, called at the state department today to learn the prospects for the release of the Spanish prisoners held in the Philippines. Thus far nothing has been heard s to the measure of success attending the dispatch of a message from President McKinley to Aguinaldo concerning the Spanish captives, but it is assumed that owing to the recent forward move ment of the American troops and the scattering of the Filipinos, some diffi-culty has been experienced by Gen. MacArthur in delivering the messages. The American advance has resulted in freeing scattering bands, about sixty to eighty in all, and besides these, 200 sick prisoners are about to be released and put aboard an American ship now on the way north to receive them. There remain about 2,000 or 3,000 Spanish prisoners in the hands of the insurgents.

Wants Damages from Spalo

New York, Nov. 24.—Haffis Azar, a Syrian by birth but a naturalized citi-zen of the United States, arrived in this country on the steamship San Marcos a few days ago to look after a suit for \$100,000 damages to health and property which he says he suffered at the hands of the Spanish. At the time the war broke out he had a jewelry store in San Salvador street, in the town of Mayaguez, Porto Rico. On April 4th, he says, he was arrested by Lieut. Gabriel F. Moralez as a spy. All his property consisting of jewelry and gems, valued at many thousands of

lollars, was carried away. In his place of business was found a New York newspaper, and this confirmed the belief of the authorities that he was a spy. He was incarcer-ated in a narrow cell and was given insufficient food, and wears glasses as the result of his impaired eyesight He will go to Washington to press his

Wants Y. M. C. A. Officers.

San Francisco, Nov. 24.-The war department has requested that twelve more army secretaries of the Young more army secretaries of the Men's Christian association be sent with the troops to Manila. On Monday last W. Frank Gloeckner sailed on the transport Hancock and will be conthe transport Hancock and will be c nected with the Forty-fourth United States volunteer infantry. James Hunter has been selected to sail on the transport Warren next week as secretary of the regimental Young Men's Christian association. When the twelve men under the new order have sailed there will be fifteen army Young Men's Christian association secretarie in the Philippines. Miss Helen Gould of New York has contributed the larger portion of the money for the maintenance of this special work.

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Clipped Prices.



Pillow Covering and Men's \$1.00 Shirts and Drawers, 69c

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

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enough to dine out with your frie for a proper observance of the day If not we will make you thankful that in town as Buckle by the superb style and elegance that we will make your suit or overcoat in, if you leave your or-

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BALSAM will generally answer the
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in this line, pure and of the very best
quality, and we don't ask any more
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